

Statistics

Lecture 20



Feb 19-8:47 AM

Exam Scores are normally dist. with the mean of 86 and standard dev. of 5.

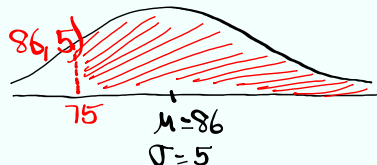
$$N(86, 5)$$

If we randomly select one exam,
find the prob. that is above 75.

$$P(x > 75)$$

$$= \text{normal cdf}(75, \text{E99}, 86, 5)$$

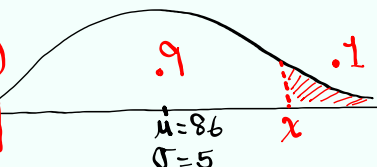
$$= \boxed{.986}$$



Find the Score that will separate the top 10%
from the rest.

$$x = \text{invNorm}(.9, 86, 5)$$

$$= 92.408 \approx \boxed{92}$$



May 11-9:58 AM

If we randomly select $n=4$ exams, find the Prob. that \bar{x} is below 90.

$P(\bar{x} < 90)$
 $= \text{normalcdf}(-E99, 90, 86, 2.5)$
 $\approx \boxed{.945}$

CLT $\begin{cases} \mu_{\bar{x}} = \mu = 86 \\ \sigma_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{5}{\sqrt{4}} = 2.5 \end{cases}$

Find $\bar{x} = Q_1$ for randomly selected group of 4 exams

$\bar{x} = \text{invNorm}(.25, 86, 2.5)$
 $\approx \boxed{84}$

May 11-10:09 AM

$Z_{\alpha/2}$ is the area of the right tail

Alpha $0 < \alpha < 1$

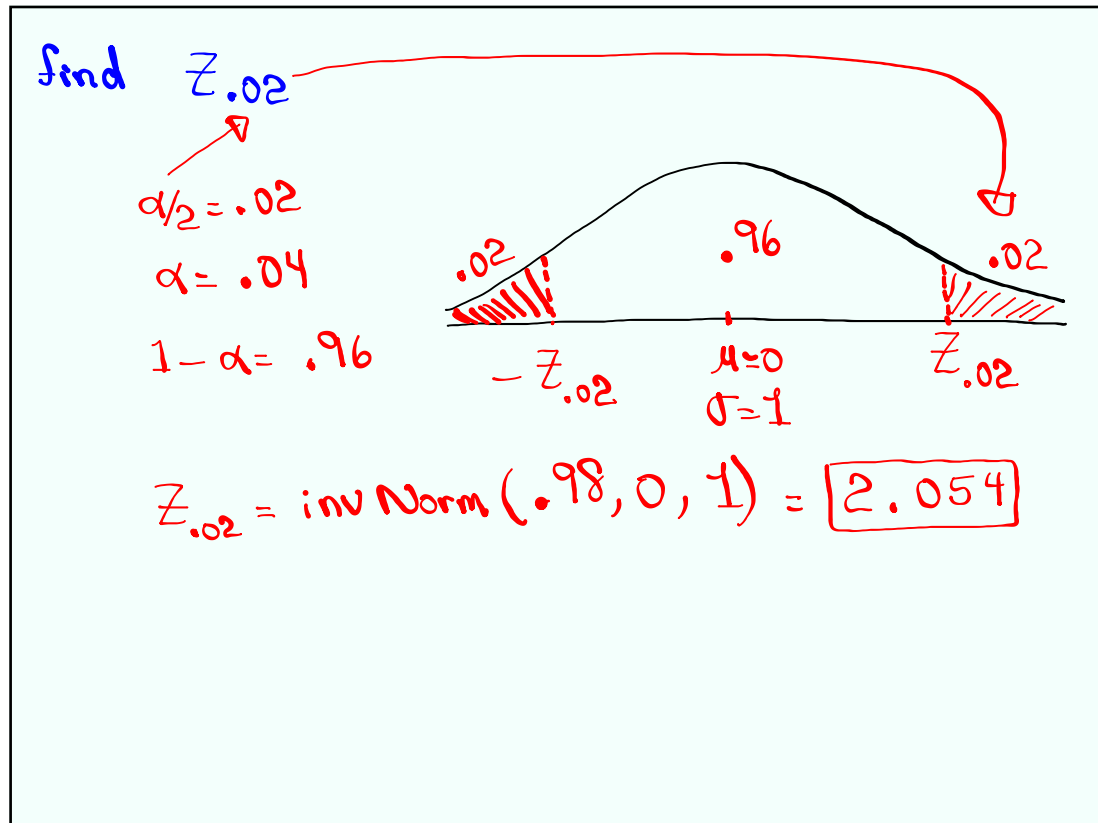
Significance level

$1 - \alpha$ is the middle area. $\sigma = 1$

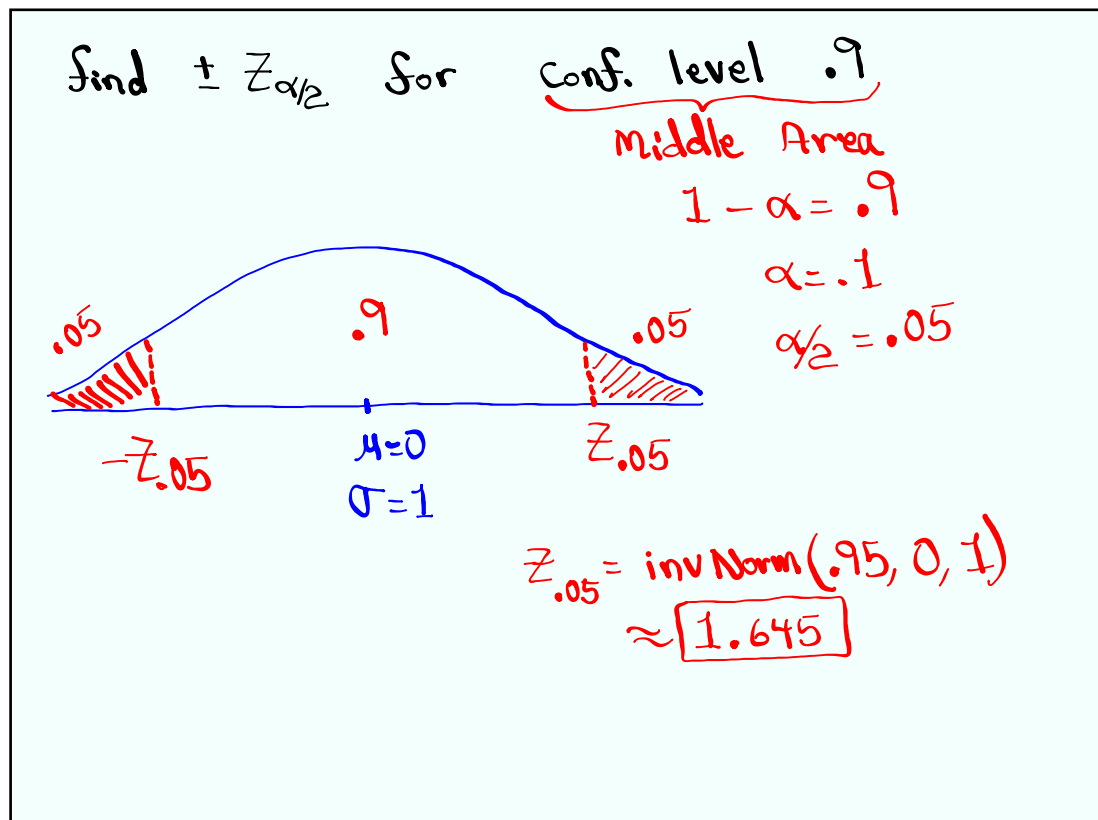
Confidence level

To find $Z_{\alpha/2}$ we use invNorm

May 11-10:19 AM



May 11-10:24 AM



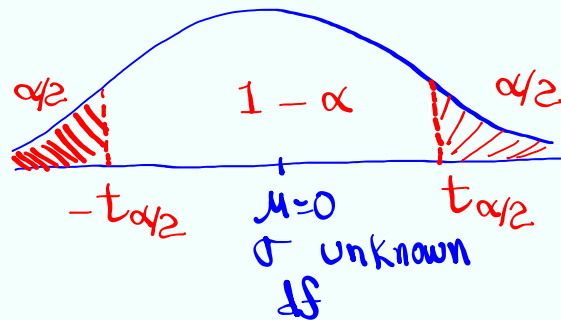
May 11-10:29 AM

t - Dist.

- 1) Symmetric, Bell-Shape, total area = 1
- 2) $\mu=0$ but σ unknown
- 3) It comes with degrees of freedom df .

How to find $t_{\alpha/2}$

2nd VARS
inv T(



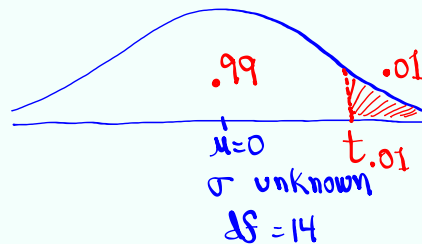
May 11-10:34 AM

find $t_{\alpha/2}$ for $\alpha = .02$ and $df = 14$.

$$\alpha/2 = \frac{.02}{2} = .01$$

$$t_{.01} = \text{inv T}(.99, 14)$$

$$\approx \boxed{2.624}$$



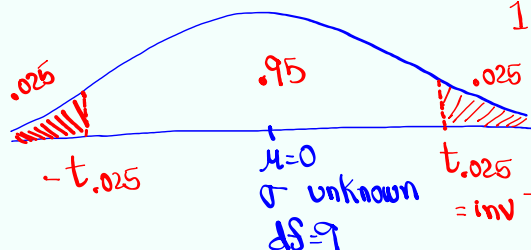
find $\pm t_{\alpha/2}$ for 95% Conf. level with $df = 9$

Middle Area .95

$$1 - \alpha = .95$$

$$\alpha = .05$$

$$\alpha/2 = .025$$



$$= \text{inv T}(.975, 9) \approx \boxed{2.262}$$

May 11-10:40 AM

what is degrees freedom?

of free choices to choose from.

It will be given to us or determined by topics.

25 students, 25 donuts, you can have one donut.

$df = 24$

First Student		25 choices
Second	"	24 "
Third	"	23 "
⋮		
Last	"	0 choice (1 donut)

May 11-10:48 AM

Select 2 positive numbers with sum of 10.

$df = 1$

Ricardo 5
Me I have to pick 5. $5+5=10$

Select 3 positive numbers with sum of 10.

$df = 2$

Ricardo 7
Victoria 3
me I have to pick 0

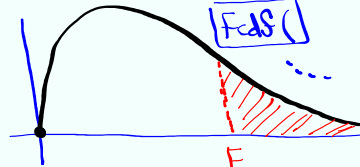
May 11-10:54 AM

F - Dist.

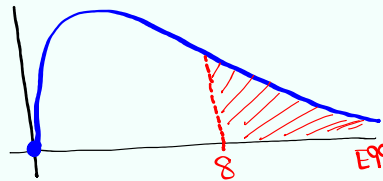
1) Graph begins at 0, and it skews to the right.

2) Total area = 1

3) It comes with two df.
ndf & Ddf 2nd VARS



find $P(F > 8)$ with $ndf=5$ & $Ddf=10$



$$= \text{Fcdf}(8, \text{E99}, 5, 10) = \boxed{.003}$$

May 11-10:59 AM